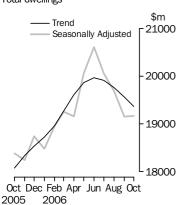


HOUSING FINANCE

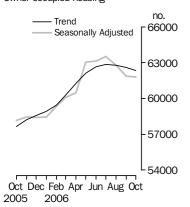
AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) FRI 8 DEC 2006

Value of dwelling commitments Total dwellings



Number of dwelling commitments Owner occupied housing



INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Glen Malam on (02) 6252 5040.

KEY FIGURES

	Tren	d estimates	adjuste	Seasonally d estimates
	Oct 2006	Sep 2006 to Oct 2006	Oct 2006	Sep 2006 to Oct 2006
Value of dwelling commitments(a)	\$m	% change	\$m	% change
Total dwellings	19 366	-1.0	19 171	0.1
Owner occupied housing	13 783	-0.5	13 730	0.8
Investment housing - fixed loans(b)	5 583	-2.4	5 441	-1.8
Number of dwelling commitments(a)	no.	% change	no.	% change
Owner occupied housing	62 342	-0.4	61 819	-0.1
Construction of dwellings	4 573	-0.1	4 549	0.5
Purchase of new dwellings	2 759	-1.4	2 719	-0.5
Purchase of established dwellings	55 010	-0.4	54 551	-0.1

(a) Includes refinancing.

(b) Excludes revolving credit.

KEY POINTS

TREND ESTIMATES

OCTOBER 2006 COMPARED WITH SEPTEMBER 2006:

- Total value of dwelling finance commitments excluding alterations and additions decreased by 1.0%. The value of owner occupied housing commitments decreased by 0.5%, while the value of investment housing commitments fell by 2.4%.
- The number of commitments for owner occupied housing finance fell by 0.4%, while the number excluding refinancing fell by 1.0%.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

OCTOBER 2006 COMPARED WITH SEPTEMBER 2006:

- Total value of dwelling finance commitments excluding alterations and additions increased 0.1%. Owner occupied housing commitments rose 0.8%, while investment housing commitments fell 1.8%.
- The number of commitments for owner occupied housing finance fell by 0.1%, while the number excluding refinancing increased by 0.3%.

ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- The number of first home buyer commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments increased from 17.4% in September 2006 to 17.7% in October 2006.
- The number of fixed rate loan commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments fell from 17.6% in September 2006 to 17.0% in October 2006.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
	November 2006	15 January 2007
	December 2006	9 February 2007
	January 2007	9 March 2007
	February 2007	11 April 2007
	March 2007	11 May 2007
	April 2007	8 June 2007
	•••••	
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	There are no major chang	ges in this issue.
CHANGES IN	Data in this publication w	ill undergo seasonal reanalysis prior to the November 2006
FORTHCOMING ISSUES	issue.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ABBREVIATIONS	\$m million dollars	
	ABS Australian Bureau	of Statistics
	ADI Authorised Depos	sit-taking Institution
	APRA Australian Pruden	tial Regulation Authority
	n.e.c. not elsewhere cla	ssified
	RFC Registered Financ	ial Corporation

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

CONTENTS

	Time Series Spreadsheets
ANALYSIS	
	Summary of Findings
TABLES	
	1 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	Australia, (Number and Value)
	2 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	Australia, (Percentage Change)
	3 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Lender:
	Australia, (Number and Value)
	4 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Lender:
	Australia, (Percentage Change)
	5 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Number)
	6 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Percentage Change)
	7 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By State and
	Territory, (Value)
	8 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and
	Change in Stock: Australia, Original, (Value)
	9 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), First Home
	Buyers and Fixed Loans: Australia, Original
	10 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose:
	State and Territory, Original
	11 Housing Finance Commitments (Owner Occupation and Investment
	Housing), By Purpose: Australia, (Value)
	12 Housing Loan Outstandings to Households (Owner Occupation and
	Investment Housing), By Lender: Australia, (Value)
	What If? Revisions to Trend Estimates

OTHER INFORMATION

Explanator	ry Notes	• • • •	 	 	 	22
Glossary			 	 	 	27

TIME SERIES SPREADSHEETS

TIME SERIES DATA

Data available free on the ABS web site <http://www.abs.gov.au>.

Tables available are:

- longer time series of tables in this publication
- the following tables
 - 13a Housing finance commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (Number)
 - 13b Housing finance commitments (Owner Occupation), By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (\$'000)
 - 13c Housing finance commitments, By Purpose and Lender: Australia, Original (Average Loan Size – \$'000)
 - Housing Finance Seasonal Factors, By Purpose and Lender: Australia, October 1975 to October 2007
 - 15 Housing Finance Seasonal Factors, By State, October 1975 to October 2007

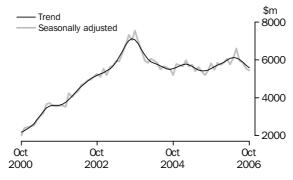
DWELLINGS FINANCED

Value of Dwellings Financed The total value of dwelling commitments excluding alterations and additions (seasonally adjusted) increased 0.1% in October 2006 compared with September 2006. The trend series for total value of dwelling finance commitments decreased by 1.0% in October 2006.

The total value of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) rose by 0.8% (up \$116m) in October 2006, following a revised 1.7% fall in September 2006. Increases were recorded for refinancing of established dwellings (up \$47m, 1.2%), purchase of established dwellings excluding refinancing (up \$43m, 0.5%), construction of dwellings (up \$16m, 1.5%) and purchase of new dwellings (up \$9m, 1.5%). The trend series in the value of owner occupied commitments decreased by 0.5% in October 2006.

The total value of investment housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 1.8% (down \$102m) in October 2006 compared with September 2006, following a revised decrease of 5.2% in September 2006. The decrease this month was due to falls in purchase of dwellings by others for rent or resale (down \$223m, -35.1%) and construction of dwellings for rent or resale (down \$191m, -33.3%) more than offsetting increases in purchase of dwellings by individuals for rent or resale (up \$312m, 7.2%). The trend series in total value of investment housing commitments decreased by 2.4% in October 2006.

INVESTMENT HOUSING - TOTAL



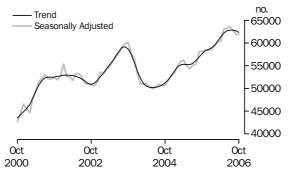
Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed The number of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) fell by 0.1% (down 49) in October 2006 compared with September 2006, following a revised decrease of 1.5% in September 2006. Decreases were recorded in refinancing of established dwellings (down 185, -0.9%) and purchase of new dwellings (down 15, -0.5%) offsetting an increase in purchase of established dwellings excluding refinancing (up 130, 0.4%) and construction of dwellings (up 21, 0.5%). The number of owner occupied housing commitments (trend) fell 0.4% in October 2006.

The number of owner occupied housing commitments (seasonally adjusted) decreased in October 2006 compared with September 2006 in Western Australia (down 463, -5.1%), South Australia (down 237, -4.4%), Victoria (down 165, -1.2%), Tasmania (down 102, -8.1%) and the Northern Territory (down 4, -0.7%). Increases were recorded in New South Wales (up 200, 1.1%), Queensland (up 104, 0.8%), and the Australian Capital Territory (up 34, 4.1%). The trend estimates decreased in all states and territories except the Australian Capital Territory and Tasmania with Queensland and South Australia remaining virtually unchanged.

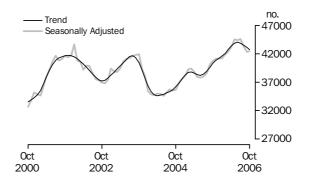
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS continued

Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed continued In original terms, the number of first home buyer commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments increased from 17.4% in September 2006 to 17.7% in October 2006. The number of fixed rate loan commitments as a percentage of total owner occupied housing finance commitments fell from 17.6% in September 2006 to 17.0% in October 2006. The average loan size for owner occupied housing commitments rose from \$221,300 in September 2006 to \$223,200 in October 2006.

NUMBER OF OWNER OCCUPIED DWELLINGS FINANCED

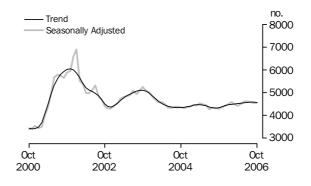


Number of Owner Occupied Dwellings Financed Excluding Refinancing The number of owner occupied housing commitments excluding refinancing (seasonally adjusted) increased by 0.3% in October 2006 compared with September 2006, following a revised decrease of 2.3% in September 2006. The trend decreased by 1.0% in October 2006.



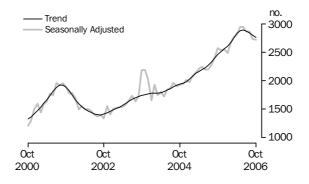
PURPOSE OF FINANCE (OWNER OCCUPATION) Construction of dwellings

The number of construction commitments for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) rose 0.5% in October 2006, following a decrease of 1.2% in September 2006. The trend series decreased by 0.1% in October 2006, the first monthly decrease after twelve consecutive monthly increases.



Purchase of new dwellings

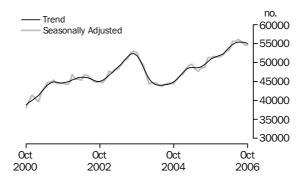
The number of finance commitments for the purchase of new dwellings for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) fell by 0.5% in October 2006, following a revised decrease of 4.5% in September 2006. The trend series fell by 1.4% in October 2006.



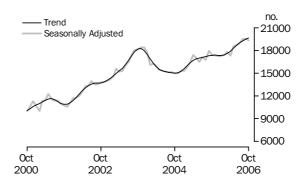
Purchase of established dwellings (including refinancing)

Refinancing

The number of finance commitments for the purchase of established dwellings for owner occupation (seasonally adjusted) fell 0.1% in October 2006, following a revised decrease of 1.3% in September 2006. The trend series fell by 0.4% in October 2006.

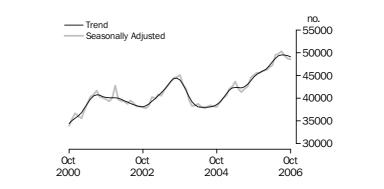


The number of refinancing commitments for owner occupied housing (seasonally adjusted) fell by 0.9% in October 2006 compared with September 2006, following a revised increase of 0.4% in September 2006. The trend series rose by 0.8% in October 2006.

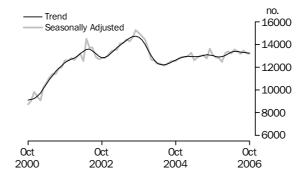


TYPE OF LENDER (OWNER OCCUPATION) Banks

The number of owner occupied dwellings financed by banks (seasonally adjusted) decreased by 0.1% in October 2006 compared with September 2006, after a revised decrease of 1.3% in September 2006. The trend series fell by 0.5% in October 2006.



The number of owner occupied dwellings financed by non-banks (seasonally adjusted) rose by 0.2% in October 2006 compared with September 2006, after a revised decrease of 2.0% in September 2006. The non-bank trend series decreased by 0.2% in October 2006.



HOUSING LOAN OUTSTANDINGS

At the end of October 2006, the value of outstanding housing loans financed by authorised deposit-taking institutions was \$611,419m, up \$4,558m (0.8%) from September's closing balance. Owner occupied housing loans increased by \$3,413m (0.8%) to close at \$412,672m, while investment housing loans increased by \$1,145m (0.6%) to reach a closing balance of \$198,747m.

Bank loans increased by \$4,129m (0.7%) during October to a closing stock of \$575,877m. Owner occupied housing loans of banks increased by \$3,055m (0.8%) to \$383,782m, while investment housing loans increased \$1,074m (0.6%) to \$192,095m.

Non-banks

Banks continued

HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION) (a), By Purpose: Australia

	Construe of dwell		Purchas new dwe		Purchas establis dwelling	hed	Total		Refinanc of establ dwellings	lished	Total exc refinanci establish dwelling	ing of ned
Month	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •
			ORIGINA	L (%	CHANGE	FROM	PREVIOU	S MON	TH)			
2005												
October	-6.4	-8.3	0.6	-1.1	-4.7	-5.3	-4.6	-5.3	-7.3	-8.6	-3.4	-4.0
November	6.9	7.1	9.4	9.8	12.6	13.2	12.0	12.6	11.2	11.3	12.4	13.1
December	-6.3	-4.3	1.1	3.4	-9.5	-8.1	-8.8	-7.3	-10.5	-9.9	-8.1	-6.3
2006												
January	-16.2	-16.2	-24.1	-26.4	-18.2	-19.9	-18.3	-19.9	-19.4	-21.0	-17.8	-19.5
February	14.3	14.2	27.0	29.4	16.2	16.0	16.5	16.5	19.3	21.4	15.4	14.8
March April	15.4 –17.3	18.4 -20.9	21.7 –18.2	21.2 -16.0	21.2 -19.9	22.7 -19.1	20.8 –19.6	22.3 -19.1	17.7 –20.7	16.5 –19.5	22.1 -19.1	24.4 –18.9
May	33.3	-20.9 35.7	31.3	32.0	-19.9 31.3	-19.1 31.9	31.5	32.2	36.3	35.3	29.6	31.1
June	-4.9	-0.3	-9.4	-10.7	-6.2	-7.0	-6.3	-6.7	-5.0	-2.6	-6.8	-8.2
July	-1.2	-1.3	-5.6	-5.5	-4.4	-3.2	-4.2	-3.2	-4.0	-3.8	-4.2	-2.9
August	7.2	9.9	5.6	3.1	7.3	6.0	7.2	6.1	12.8	11.0	4.8	4.3
September	-13.7	-15.5	-13.1	-13.8	-9.4	-9.2	-9.9	-9.9	-8.5	-8.8	-10.6	-10.4
October	4.0	2.9	-0.7	2.5	2.5	3.5	2.5	3.4	1.2	1.6	3.1	4.1
		SEASO	NALLY A	DJUST	TED (% C	HANGE	FROM P	REVIOL	JS MONT	Ή)		
2005												
October	-1.0	-2.4	6.7	5.4	-0.1	0.5	0.2	0.5	-2.6	-0.8	1.4	1.0
November	1.6	0.6	-1.6	-0.3	0.5	1.8	0.5	1.6	-0.6	1.9	1.0	1.4
December	1.5	2.5	0.8	0.4	-0.3	0.9	-0.1	1.0	-0.6	-0.7	0.1	1.7
2006												
January	1.9	5.7	-2.5	-1.0	—	-1.8	0.1	-1.2	—	-1.2	0.1	-1.1
February	1.7	-0.1	7.0	9.4	1.3	2.6	1.6	2.7	1.3	2.9	1.7	2.7
March	-2.0	-1.1	3.9	2.9	1.4	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.8	-2.5	1.0	2.0
April	-1.6	-5.6	1.3	3.6	0.8	2.0	0.7	1.5	-2.5	-1.7	2.0	2.7
May June	2.2 2.5	5.4 6.3	5.0 0.1	5.4 –1.9	4.4 -0.1	3.8 0.2	4.3 0.1	4.0 0.6	7.1 1.1	7.8 2.5	3.1 -0.3	2.7 -0.1
July	-0.1	-1.3	-2.8	-3.3	-0.1	1.0	0.1	0.6	1.1	2.5 1.2	-0.3 0.4	0.1
August	-0.8	2.3		-2.7	-1.3	-2.0	-1.2	-1.7	2.8	1.3	-2.9	-2.9
September	-1.2	-2.7	-4.5	-5.4	-1.3	-1.4	-1.5	-1.7	0.4	-1.0	-2.3	-1.9
October	0.5	1.5	-0.5	1.5	-0.1	0.8	-0.1	0.8	-0.9	1.2	0.3	0.7
			TREND	(% C	HANGE F	ROM F	PREVIOUS	MONT	H)			
2005												
October	0.4	0.9	2.6	2.6	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.7	0.5	1.1	1.7	2.0
November	1.0	1.5	2.1	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.3	0.1	0.7	1.3	1.6
December	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.2	0.5	0.9	0.6	1.0	-0.2	0.1	1.0	1.3
2006												
January	0.8	1.1	1.8	2.8	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.9	-0.1	-0.2	0.9	1.3
February	0.6	0.7	2.4	3.6	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.2	0.4		1.1	1.6
March April	0.4 0.4	0.7 0.8	2.9 2.9	3.9 3.3	1.4 1.7	1.6 1.8	1.4 1.6	1.6 1.8	1.1 1.8	0.6 1.4	1.5 1.6	2.0 1.9
May	0.4	0.8 1.0	2.9 1.9	3.3 1.7	1.7	1.8 1.5	1.8	1.0 1.5	2.1	2.0	1.0	1.9
June	0.4	1.3	0.5	-0.3	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	2.0	2.2	0.4	0.5
July	0.3	1.4	-0.7	-1.6	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.8	1.9	-0.3	-0.3
August	0.2	1.1	-1.2	-2.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	1.5	1.4	-0.8	-0.7
September	_	0.8	-1.4	-2.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	1.1	1.1	-0.9	-0.8
October	-0.1	0.6	-1.4	-2.2	-0.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.5	0.8	0.7	-1.0	-0.9
nil or rounde	• • • • • •	•••••		• • • • •								

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(b) Includes refinancing.

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

	Banks		Non-banł	rs(b)	Total		Perman building societies		Wholesa lenders	
Month	no.	\$m	no.	\$m	no.	\$m	no.	\$m	no.	\$r
	• • • • • • •									
				ORIG	SINAL					
2005										
October	43 914	9 646	12 654	2 603	56 568	12 249	1 664	292	7 640	1 70
November	49 614	10 962	13 750	2 831	63 364	13 793	1771	324	8 433	187
December	45 461	10 239	12 307	2 545	57 768	12 784	1 483	269	7 437	166
2006										
January	37 244	8 212	9 958	2 024	47 202	10 236	1 366	259	5 739	1 25
February	42 543	9 399	12 441	2 527	54 984	11 927	1 816	320	7 059	1 55
March	51 182	11 404	15 226	3 177	66 408	14 581	2 184	409	8 815	1 95
April	41 736	9 341	11 656	2 462	53 392	11 803	1 474	277	6 726	1 52
May	55 015	12 377	15 189	3 224	70 204	15 601	2 110	413	9 052	2 06
June	51 922	11 619	13 860	2 930	65 782	14 549	1 793	344	8 333	1 90
July	50 078	11 285	12 953	2 803	63 031	14 088	1 708	333	7 664	177
August	52 595	11 783	14 969	3 168	67 564	14 951	2 209	412	8 778	1 99
September	48 079	10 702	12 789	2 766	60 868	13 467	1 689	345	7 464	1 69
October	49 053	10 974	13 331	2 952	62 384	13 926	1 776	351	7 838	1 88
			SEAS	SONALL	Y ADJUS	TED				
			0 _ / 10			D				
2005										
October	45 102	9 932	13 057	2 640	58 159	12 572	1 703	303	7 714	1 69
November	45 594	10 098	12 867	2 670	58 461	12 769	1 605	290	7 775	1 72
December	45 609	10 255	12 799	2 644	58 408	12 899	1 635	298	7 854	1 75
2006										
January	45 978	10 159	12 465	2 590	58 443	12 749	1 764	334	7 407	1 70
February	46 149	10 133	13 220	2 768	59 369	13 095	1 777	319	7 797	1 75
March	46 694	10 372	13 396	2 824	60 090	13 197	1 859	348	7 968	1 78
April	47 280	10 569	13 201	2 827	60 481	13 396	1 716	319	7 857	1 80
May	49 503	11 072	13 558	2 865	63 061	13 936	1 862	356	8 021	184
June	49 745	11 163	13 387	2 851	63 132	14 014	1 811	355	7 822	1 78
July	50 357	11 308	13 172	2 783	63 529	14 091	1 753	342	7 692	173
August	49 332	11 036	13 450	2 809	62 782	13 846	2 037	377	7 786	171
September	48 682	10 822	13 186	2 792	61 868	13 614	1 748	357	7 466	167
October	48 610	10 857	13 209	2 873	61 819	13 730	1 715	344	7 675	1 79
				* * * * * * *						
				IRI	END					
2005										
October	44 649	9 885	13 017	2 645	57 666	12 530	1 640	293	7 832	1 72
November	45 283	10 044	12 933	2 650	58 216	12 695	1 661	300	7 782	1 72
December	45 681	10 153	12 891	2 664	58 572	12 817	1 690	308	7 744	1 73
2006	45 00 4	40.000	10.000	0.005		10.004	1 707	047	7 7 40	4 7 4
January	45 994	10 239	12 923	2 695	58 917 50 462	12 934	1 727	317	7 742	174
February	46 438	10 351	13 025	2 737	59 463	13 088	1 758	326	7 775	176
March	47 116	10 517	13 171	2 782	60 287 61 280	13 299 13 540	1 785	333	7 832	178
April May	47 968 48 754	10 721 10 908	13 312 13 381	2 819	61 280 62 135	13 540 13 743	1 809 1 824	341 247	7 881 7 882	1 79 1 79
May June	48 754 49 284		13 381	2 835 2 834	62 135 62 664	13 743 13 868	1 824 1 831	347 351	7 882 7 840	179
July	49 284 49 506	11 035 11 082	13 380	2 834 2 825	62 664 62 846	13 868 13 907	1 831	351	7 840 7 767	1 75
August	49 506 49 491	11 082 11 070	13 340 13 300	2 825 2 820	62 846 62 791	13 907 13 890	1 833 1 828	355 357	7 697	175
September	49 491 49 344	11 070	13 300 13 265	2 820 2 820	62 791 62 609	13 890 13 847	1 828 1 815	357	7 638	1 73
October	49 344 49 104	10 960	13 205	2 820 2 823	62 809 62 342	13 847 13 783	1 815	358	7 595	1 72
OCTODE	-10 TO+	10 300	10 200	2 020	02 072	10,00	1 002	550	1 333	± 12'
(a) Excludes alte	erations and		ncludes refin		(b) Inclu	udes Permar			es and Whol	esale

Lenders n.e.c..

	Banks		Non-ban	ks(b)	Total		Perman building societie		Wholesa lenders n.e.c.	ale
	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value	no.	value
		ORIG	INAL (%	change	from pr	evious	month)			
2005				U						
October	-3.6	-4.6	-8.0	-7.9	-4.6	-5.3	1.2	0.1	-10.1	-10.2
November	13.0	13.6	8.7	8.8	12.0	12.6	6.4	10.9	10.4	9.6
December	-8.4	-6.6	-10.5	-10.1	-8.8	-7.3	-16.3	-16.7	-11.8	-11.4
2006										
January	-18.1	-19.8	-19.1	-20.4	-18.3	-19.9	-7.9	-3.9	-22.8	-24.6
February	14.2	14.5	24.9	24.9	16.5	16.5	32.9	23.7	23.0	24.0
March	20.3	21.3	22.4	25.7	20.8	22.3	20.3	27.8	24.9	26.2
April	-18.5	-18.1	-23.4	-22.5	-19.6	-19.1	-32.5	-32.4	-23.7	-22.4
May	31.8	32.5	30.3	30.9	31.5	32.2	43.1	49.3	34.6	35.7
June	-5.6	-6.1	-8.7	-9.1	-6.3	-6.7	-15.0	-16.8	-7.9	-7.9
July	-3.6	-2.9	-6.5	-4.3	-4.2	-3.2	-4.7	-3.2	-8.0	-6.5
August	5.0	4.4	15.6	13.0	7.2	6.1	29.3	23.9	14.5	12.3
September	-8.6	-9.2	-14.6	-12.7	-9.9	-9.9	-23.5	-16.2	-15.0	-14.9
October	2.0	2.5	4.2	6.7	2.5	3.4	5.2	1.7	5.0	10.9
	SEAS	ONALLY	ADJUST	ED (%	change	from p	revious	month)		
2005	4 5	4 5		0.4		0 5	1.0	- 0		- 0
October	1.5	1.5	-4.1	-3.1	0.2	0.5	4.3	5.8	-6.3	-5.8
November	1.1	1.7	-1.5	1.2	0.5	1.6	-5.8	-4.2	0.8	2.0
December	_	1.6	-0.5	-1.0	-0.1	1.0	1.9	2.8	1.0	1.9
2006										
January	0.8	-0.9	-2.6	-2.0	0.1	-1.2	7.9	12.2	-5.7	-3.1
February	0.4	1.7	6.1	6.9	1.6	2.7	0.7	-4.6	5.3	3.3
March	1.2	0.4	1.3	2.0	1.2	0.8	4.6	8.9	2.2	1.5
April	1.3	1.9	-1.5	0.1	0.7	1.5	-7.7	-8.2	-1.4	0.9
May	4.7	4.8	2.7	1.3	4.3	4.0	8.5	11.7	2.1	2.7
June July	0.5 1.2	0.8 1.3	-1.3 -1.6	-0.5 -2.4	0.1 0.6	0.6 0.6	-2.7 -3.2	-0.4 -3.6	-2.5 -1.7	-3.4 -2.6
August	-2.0	-2.4	-1.0 2.1	-2.4	-1.2	-1.7	-3.2 16.2	-3.0 10.3	-1.7	-2.0 -1.4
September	-2.0 -1.3	-2.4 -1.9	-2.0	-0.6	-1.2	-1.7 -1.7	-14.2	-5.4	-4.1	-1.4 -2.1
October	-0.1	0.3	0.2	2.9	-0.1	0.8	-1.9	-3.7	2.8	7.0
ootober	0.1	0.0	0.2	2.5	0.1	0.0	1.5	0.1	2.0	1.0
		TRE	ND (% c	hange f	rom pre	vious r	month)			
2005										
October	1.9	2.1	-0.5	0.3	1.3	1.7	0.8	2.3	-0.4	0.2
November	1.4	1.6	-0.6	0.2	1.0	1.3	1.3	2.5	-0.6	0.1
December	0.9	1.1	-0.3	0.5	0.6	1.0	1.8	2.7	-0.5	0.3
2006										
January	0.7	0.9	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.9	2.2	3.0	_	0.7
February	1.0	1.1	0.8	1.6	0.9	1.2	1.8	2.7	0.4	1.1
March	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.4	0.7	1.1
April	1.8	1.9	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.3	2.2	0.6	0.7
May	1.6	1.7	0.5	0.6	1.4	1.5	0.9	1.8	—	-0.2
June	1.1	1.2	_	-0.1	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.3	-0.5	-0.8
July	0.5	0.4	-0.3	-0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	1.1	-0.9	-1.1
August	_	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	0.6	-0.9	-1.0
September	-0.3	-0.4	-0.3	_	-0.3	-0.3	-0.7	0.1	-0.8	-0.6
October	-0.5	-0.6	-0.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	0.1	-0.6	-0.4
— nil or rounde	ed to zero (including n		• • • • • • •	(b) Inc	ludes Perm	nanent Buildi	ng Societie		sale

— nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

(b) Includes Permanent Building Societies and Wholesale

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

Lenders n.e.c..



HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), By State and Territory

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

(b) Sum of states and territories may not equal Australian total (see paragraph 26 in Explanatory Notes).

.

(Percentage change)

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australi
lonth	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	n
		0	RIGINAL (%	6 change 1	from prev	ious mont	h)		
005									
October	-7.4	-1.7	-5.5	-5.6	-0.4	-5.1	-12.9	-4.3	-4.
November	13.4	8.9	12.0	14.2	12.3	9.3	22.4	15.3	12.
December	-9.8	-1.0	-15.7	-10.8	-6.3	-5.9	-16.3	-16.9	-8.
2006									
January	-24.4	-21.3	-12.4	-19.1	-10.3	-8.3	-22.2	-16.5	-18.
February	21.0	6.4	21.3	22.2	13.9	17.0	29.1	8.8	16
March	29.8	16.7	17.4	20.2	14.6	23.3	10.7	45.2	20.
April	-19.7	-16.4	-22.1	-22.1	-17.5	-24.5	-17.9	-28.4	-19
May	32.3	35.9	26.3	31.4	33.8	20.8	13.5	31.3	31.
June	-5.9	-7.2	-4.2	-6.4	-8.3	-7.1	-9.1	-4.5	-6.
July	-7.0	-2.1	-1.7	-4.4	-5.0	-6.5	-12.2	6.6	-4.
August	8.0	7.9	5.9	6.5	5.7	14.0	15.1	4.4	7.
September	-9.5	-11.4	-8.4	-5.4	-14.6	-1.7	-15.4	1.1	-9.
October	2.0	4.7	5.6	-0.8	-1.3	-8.9	0.2	6.1	2.
	:	SEASONA	LLY ADJUS	STED (% c	hange fro	m previou	s month)		
				,	0		,		
005									
October	-1.7	1.7	-3.5	-0.7	3.1	1.4	-9.5	0.6	0
November	0.9	0.8	1.6	-2.5	-0.1	-0.2	-0.7	2.0	0
December	0.9	2.8	-1.9	-2.3	2.9	-2.0	-5.8	-5.3	-0
006									
January	-2.1	-1.9	0.4	0.3	3.2	10.8	-1.1	-0.5	0.
February	-3.0	0.6	3.0	7.0	3.8	2.1	5.5	-4.3	1
March	8.8	-2.9	-1.0	-1.3	-0.2	1.1	-3.4	30.4	1
April	2.8	1.2	0.7	0.8	3.9	-3.1	-0.9	-18.2	0
May	1.9	7.7	4.4	6.0	0.9	-1.6	-4.7	5.6	4
June	0.7	-2.4	0.7	-0.7	0.1	2.5	1.5	8.0	0
July	-1.2	2.6	1.3	0.8	-0.7	0.5	-3.5	7.9	0
August	-0.4	-1.4	-2.2	0.7	-4.0	1.4	2.8	0.8	-1.
September	-1.7	-1.0	0.5	1.9	-2.0	5.2	-11.7	2.2	-1
October	1.1	-1.2	0.8	-4.4	-5.1	-8.1	-0.7	4.1	-0.
•••••			TREND (%	change fr	om provid	uc month	•••••		
			IKLND (%	change in	oni previo	us month)		
005									
October	1.0	1.3	1.7	0.9	1.6	0.3	1.9	0.4	1
	0.3	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.0	2.0	0.1	0.3	1
		0.8	0.4	-0.1	2.1	2.7	-1.4	0.2	0
November December	_								
November December	_							0.2	0
November December		0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0 5			0
November December 006 January	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	2.4	2.5	-1.9	0.3	
November December 006 January February	0.4 1.3	0.1	0.5	1.2	2.7	2.0	-1.7	1.0	0
November December 006 January February March	0.4 1.3 2.1	0.1 0.5	0.5 1.1	1.2 1.9	2.7 2.5	2.0 1.1	-1.7 -1.0	1.0 2.0	0 1
November December 006 January February March April	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3	0.1 0.5 1.1	0.5 1.1 1.5	1.2 1.9 2.2	2.7 2.5 1.9	2.0 1.1 0.5	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7	1.0 2.0 2.8	0 1 1
November December 006 January February March April May	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3 1.8	0.1 0.5 1.1 1.3	0.5 1.1 1.5 1.4	1.2 1.9 2.2 1.9	2.7 2.5 1.9 0.8	2.0 1.1 0.5 0.1	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7 -1.4	1.0 2.0 2.8 3.5	0 1 1 1
November December 006 January February March April May June	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3 1.8 1.0	0.1 0.5 1.1 1.3 1.2	0.5 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.0	1.2 1.9 2.2 1.9 1.3	2.7 2.5 1.9 0.8 –0.4	2.0 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.1	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7 -1.4 -2.0	1.0 2.0 2.8 3.5 3.7	0 1 1 1 0
November December 006 January February March April May June July	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3 1.8 1.0 0.1	0.1 0.5 1.1 1.3 1.2 0.7	0.5 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.6	1.2 1.9 2.2 1.9 1.3 0.9	2.7 2.5 1.9 0.8 -0.4 -1.3	2.0 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.5	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7 -1.4 -2.0 -2.5	1.0 2.0 2.8 3.5 3.7 3.7	0 1 1 1 0 0
November December January February March April May June July August	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3 1.8 1.0 0.1 -0.3	0.1 0.5 1.1 1.3 1.2 0.7 0.2	0.5 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.6 0.4	1.2 1.9 2.2 1.9 1.3 0.9 0.5	2.7 2.5 1.9 0.8 -0.4 -1.3 -1.8	2.0 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.7	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7 -1.4 -2.0 -2.5 -2.6	1.0 2.0 2.8 3.5 3.7 3.7 3.6	0 1 1 0 0 -0
November December 006 January February March April May June July	0.4 1.3 2.1 2.3 1.8 1.0 0.1	0.1 0.5 1.1 1.3 1.2 0.7	0.5 1.1 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.6	1.2 1.9 2.2 1.9 1.3 0.9	2.7 2.5 1.9 0.8 -0.4 -1.3	2.0 1.1 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.5	-1.7 -1.0 -0.7 -1.4 -2.0 -2.5	1.0 2.0 2.8 3.5 3.7 3.7	0 1 1 0 0

HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), By State and Territory

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

(b) Sum of states and territories may not equal Australian total (see paragraph 26 in Explanatory Notes).

Stock: Australia—Original

	Dwellings financed	of established dwellings	Alterations and additions	Total	Commitments advanced during month	Commitments cancelled during month	not advance at end c month(a
Month	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$r
				• • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • •
2005							
October	8 845	3 404	444	12 694	11 143	1 190	26 29
November	10 003	3 790	480	14 273	12 036	1 525	27 00
December	9 370	3 414	437	13 221	12 622	1 186	26 41
2006							
January	7 540	2 696	366	10 602	10 342	1 123	25 55
February	8 655	3 271	432	12 359	10 307	1 229	26 37
March	10 771	3 810	539	15 120	12 517	1 404	27 57
April	8 736	3 067	415	12 218	10 730	1 223	27 89
May	11 452	4 149	548	16 149	13 323	1 683	29 04
June	10 509	4 040	516	15 065	12 906	1 455	29 72
July	10 202	3 886	475	14 563	12 250	1 429	30 61
August	10 639	4 312	501	15 452	13 156	1 675	31 23
September	9 536	3 931	446	13 913	12 080	1 612	31 72
October	9 932	3 993	475	14 400	12 014	1 369	32 74

(a) This figure sometimes reflects a rebasing of the data by one or more lenders, without adjustment to earlier periods' commitments advanced or cancelled.

HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION)(a), First Home Buyers and Fixed

Rate Loans: Australia, Original

	FIRST HOM	IE BUYERS		FIXED RAT (2 YEARS	E LOANS OR LONGER)	(b)	ALL DWELLINGS FINANCED
		% of all			% of all		
	Dwellings financed	dwellings financed	Average Ioan size	Dwellings financed	dwellings financed	Average Ioan size	Average Ioan size
Month	no.	%	\$'000	no.	%	\$'000	\$'000
2005							
October	10 190	18.0	215.7	7 300	12.9	211.1	216.5
November	11 570	18.3	219.8	9 336	14.7	223.1	217.7
December	10 775	18.7	218.0	8 173	14.1	226.2	221.3
2006							
January	8 777	18.6	217.0	6 576	13.9	221.5	216.9
February	9 771	17.8	220.2	7 580	13.8	223.9	216.9
March	12 244	18.4	223.0	9 581	14.4	230.6	219.6
April	10 212	19.1	222.1	8 055	15.1	230.0	221.1
May	12 185	17.4	225.4	10 893	15.5	232.9	222.2
June	11 157	17.0	224.0	10 963	16.7	230.0	221.2
July	10 599	16.8	227.3	10 195	16.2	230.0	223.5
August	10 835	16.0	223.8	13 750	20.4	235.0	221.3
September	10 592	17.4	226.6	10 733	17.6	227.1	221.3
October	11 063	17.7	226.0	10 578	17.0	226.6	223.2
• • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

(b) Includes refinancing.



Territory, Original—October 2006

					Refinancing	
		Purchase	Purchase of		of	Total
	Construction	of new	established	Total	established	excluding
	of dwellings	dwellings	dwellings(b)		dwellings	refinancing
		NUM	BER			
New South Wales	769	720	16 613	18 102	5 684	12 418
Victoria	1 300	696	12 141	14 137	4 653	9 484
Queensland	1 204	481	12 314	13 999	4 201	9 798
South Australia	329	245	4 509	5 083	1 367	3 716
Western Australia	898	375	7 227	8 500	3 132	5 368
Tasmania	94	20	1 025	1 139	329	810
Northern Territory	34	21	502	557	150	407
Australian Capital Territory	49	45	773	867	192	675
Total	4 677	2 603	55 104	62 384	19 708	42 676
		VALUE	(\$M)			
New South Wales	191	206	4 008	4 406	1 355	3 051
Victoria	296	158	2 617	3 071	880	2 191
Queensland	296	135	2 775	3 206	864	2 342
South Australia	72	52	780	904	215	689
Western Australia	195	93	1 554	1 842	569	1 272
Tasmania	18	2	164	184	45	139
Northern Territory	7	6	100	113	28	85
Australian Capital Territory	15	10	176	201	39	163
Total	1 091	661	12 174	13 926	3 993	9 932
	AVERA	GE LOAN	N SIZE (\$'O	00)		
New South Wales	248.2	286.8	241.3	243.4	238.3	245.7
Victoria	227.7	227.5	215.5	217.2	189.1	231.1
Queensland	246.2	279.9	225.3	229.0	205.6	239.0
South Australia	218.7	212.3	172.9	177.8	157.3	185.3
Western Australia	217.1	246.8	215.0	216.7	181.7	237.0
Tasmania	194.8	91.6	159.7	161.4	135.8	171.8
Northern Territory	199.9	270.4	199.9	202.6	186.9	208.4
Australian Capital Territory	314.3	213.9	228.1	232.2	200.7	241.2
Total	233.2	254.0	220.9	223.2	202.6	232.7
			(h) la sludes			

(a) Excludes alterations and additions.

(b) Includes refinancing.



HOUSING FINANCE COMMITMENTS (OWNER OCCUPATION AND INVESTMENT HOUSING)(a),

By Purpose: Australia

OWNER OCCUPATION (SECURED FINANCE)

INVESTMENT HOUSING(b)

TOTAL

				Purchase of	Construction	Purchase of	Purchase of	
		Purchase	Refinancing of	other	of dwellings	dwellings by	dwellings by	All
	Construction	of new	established	established	for rent	individuals for	others for	dwelling
	of dwellings	dwellings	dwellings	dwellings	or resale	rent or resale	rent or resale	finance
Month	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •						
2005				ORIGINAL				
October	931	592	3 404	7 322	593	4 645	408	17 895
November	997	649	3 790	8 357	453	4 989	388	19 624
December	954	671	3 414	7 745	808	4 670	457	18 719
2006								
January	800	494	2 696	6 247	366	3 711	356	14 669
February	913	639	3 271	7 103	611	4 188	390	17 116
March	1 081	775	3 810	8 915	898	5 249	459	21 186
April	855	651	3 067	7 230	469	4 228	429	16 928
May	1 161	860	4 149	9 431	503	5 855	518	22 476
June	1 157	767	4 040	8 584	498	6 273	612	21 932
July	1 142	726	3 886	8 334	643	4 825	439	19 995
August	1 256	748	4 312	8 635	500	5 189	454	21 094
September	1 060	645	3 931	7 831	580	4 405	598	19 050
October	1 091	661	3 993	8 180	371	4 640	409	19 345
• • • • • • • • • • •								
			SEAS	SONALLY ADJU	JSTED			
2005								
October	953	626	3 495	7 497	578	4 792	440	18 382
November	959	625	3 562	7 623	499	4 635	340	18 242
December	983	627	3 537	7 751	689	4 736	414	18 737
2006								
January	1 039	621	3 495	7 594	563	4 725	441	18 478
February	1 038	680	3 595	7 782	659	4 726	479	18 958
March	1 026	699	3 504	7 968	813	4 772	476	19 258
April	969	724	3 444	8 259	518	4 745	498	19 158
May	1 021	763	3 714	8 438	498	5 143	483	20 061
June	1 086	749	3 805	8 374	420	5 697	481	20 613
July	1072	724	3 852	8 444	582	4 953	432	20 058
August	1 097	705	3 903	8 141	501	4 905	440	19 691
September	1 067	667	3 865	8 016	574	4 332	636	19 156
October	1 083	676	3 912	8 058	383	4 644	413	19 171
• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •						
				TREND				
2005								
October	965	607	3 504	7 454	557	4 577	410	18 074
November	980	620	3 527	7 567	581	4 649	408	18 333
December	994	633	3 531	7 658	616	4 684	417	18 534
2006								
January	1 005	651	3 523	7 754	642	4 714	436	18 726
February	1 012	675	3 522	7 878	644	4 769	460	18 960
March	1 019	701	3 544	8 035	624	4 874	473	19 270
	1 027	725	3 595	8 193	591	5 002	480	19 613
April	1 037	737	3 668	8 302	554	5 091	480	19 869
	1 051	735	3 747	8 336	524	5 098	479	19 969
April	1 051		2 0 4 7	8 301	505	5 023	480	19 915
April May	1 051 1 066	723	3 817	0.001				
April May June		723 708	3 817 3 871	8 233	494	4 894	484	19 762
April May June July	1 066					4 894 4 749		19 762 19 567

(a) Excludes alterations and additions. Includes refinancing.

(b) Excludes revolving credit.

HOUSING LOAN OUTSTANDINGS TO HOUSEHOLDS (OWNER OCCUPATION AND INVESTMENT HOUSING)

		Dormonort		Total Authorised		Other	
		Permanent	Credit	Deposit-taking Institutions	Securitisation	Other Lenders	
	Banks(a)	Building Societies(a)	Credit Co-operatives(a)	(ADIs)(a)	Vehicles	n.e.c.	<i>Total</i> (b)
	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
		C	WNER-OCCUPI	ED HOUSING			
2005							
October	342 393	8 520	17 191	368 104	na	na	na
November	347 244	8 332	17 327	372 903	na	na	na
December	351 899	8 548	17 504	377 951	na	na	na
2006							
January	356 445	8 649	17 590	382 684	na	na	na
February	358 762	8 732	17 892	385 386	na	na	na
March	358 038	8 823	18 044	384 905	na	na	na
April	360 740	8 749	18 096	387 585	na	na	na
May	363 684	8 896	18 322	390 902	na	na	na
June	368 081	9 050	18 323	395 454	na	na	na
July	374 459	9 193	18 960	402 612	na	na	na
August	378 214	9 323	19 134	406 671	na	na	na
September	380 727	9 181	19 351	409 259	na	na	na
October	383 782	9 300	19 590	412 672	na	na	na
• • • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • • • •	
			INVESTMENT	HOUSING			
2005							
October	176 721	2 724	3 385	182 830	na	na	na
November	178 493	3 001	3 409	184 903	na	na	na
December	179 949	3 070	3 408	186 427	na	na	na
2006							
January	181 614	3 101	3 429	188 144	na	na	na
February	182 576	3 125	3 117	188 818	na	na	na
March	181 968	3 184	3 501	188 653	na	na	na
April	183 228	3 162	3 507	189 897	na	na	na
May	185 247	3 225	3 535	192 007	na	na	na
June	187 141	3 284	3 546	193 971	na	na	na
July	189 208	3 418	3 320	195 946	na	na	na
August	190 892	3 434	3 349	197 675	na	na	na
September	191 021	3 197	3 384	197 602	na	na	na
October	192 095	3 238	3 414	198 747	na	na	na
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •	
		/	ALL RESIDENTI	AL HOUSING			
2005							
October	519 114	11 244	20 576	550 934	na	na	na
November	525 737	11 333	20 736	557 806	na	na	na
December	531 848	11 618	20 912	564 378	143 836	16 413	724 627
2006							
	538 059	11 750	21 019	570 828	na	na	na
January	541 338	11 857	21 009	574 204	na	na	na
January February	540 006	12 007	21 545	573 558	152 762	17 528	743 848
		11 911	21 603	577 482	na	na	na
February	543 968	11 911		E82 000	na	na	na
February March		12 121	21 857	582 909	116		
February March April	543 968		21 857 21 869	589 425	165 370	18 734	773 529
February March April May	543 968 548 931	12 121					
February March April May June July August	543 968 548 931 555 222	12 121 12 334	21 869	589 425	165 370 na na	18 734	773 529 na na
February March April May June July	543 968 548 931 555 222 563 667	12 121 12 334 12 611	21 869 22 280	589 425 598 558	165 370 na	18 734 na	na

na not available(a) Source APRA.

(b) Source ABS and APRA quarterly collections.

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

.....

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS Readers should exercise care when interpreting the trend estimates of recent months because they will be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. For further information, see paragraphs 29 and 30 in the Explanatory Notes.

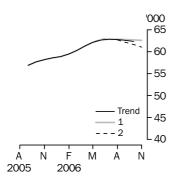
The graph below presents the effect of two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates:

1 The November 2006 seasonally adjusted estimate of number of dwellings financed is higher than the October 2006 seasonally adjusted estimate by 3.0%.

2 The November 2006 seasonally adjusted estimate of number of dwellings financed is lower than the October 2006 seasonally adjusted estimate by 3.0%.

The percentage change of 3.0% was chosen because the average absolute percentage change of the seasonally adjusted series, based on the last 10 years of data, has been 3.0%.

NUMBER OF OWNER OCCUPIED DWELLING FINANCE COMMITMENTS



	_ ,		SEASONA		STED ESTIMA	
	Trend as		(1) rises b	5	(2) falls by	
	published		on this m	onth	on this mo	onth
		%		%		%
	no.	change	no.	change	no.	change
May 2006	62 135	1.4	62 136	1.4	62 208	1.5
June 2006	62 664	0.9	62 665	0.9	62 792	0.9
July 2006	62 846	0.3	62 844	0.3	62 907	0.2
August 2006	62 791	-0.1	62 810	-0.1	62 644	-0.4
September 2006	62 609	-0.3	62 722	-0.1	62 173	-0.8
October 2006	62 342	-0.4	62 665	-0.1	61 630	-0.9
November 2006	—	—	62 557	-0.2	60 995	-1.0

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION	1 This publication presents statistics of housing finance commitments made by significant lenders. This includes secured finance commitments for the construction or purchase of owner occupied dwellings and finance commitments for the construction or purchase of dwellings for rent or resale (investment housing). Also included are the outstanding values of housing loan assets to individuals held by lenders at the end of each reference month.
SCOPE	 2 Finance commitments made by the following types of lenders are included: Banks Permanent building societies Credit unions/cooperative credit societies Life or general insurance companies General government enterprises Superannuation funds Securitisers of mortgage assets (wholesale lenders) which provide funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary (e.g. mortgage originators) Other Registered Financial Corporations (RFCs).
	3 All lending commitments are classified to the lender type which is (or will be) the legal lender on the corresponding loan contract. Commitments are published for two broad groupings of lender type: Banks and Non-Banks; the Non-Bank grouping also has the components Permanent Building Societies and Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. published.
	4 Housing loan outstandings are classified to the following lender types: Banks; Permanent Building societies; Credit unions/cooperative credit societies; Securitisation vehicles; and Other lenders n.e.c The first three of these types are components of the grouping Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions (ADIs). Loan outstanding for the ADI lender types are published monthly, and are classified by purpose (owner occupied housing or investment housing). All other institutions, including securitisation vehicles, are only available on a quarterly basis. The release of loan outstandings data for those lenders reporting on a quarterly basis will be lagged by one month – for example March outstandings for securitisation vehicles and other lenders n.e.c. will be released from the April publication onwards.
COVERAGE	5 The statistics of housing finance commitments cover all banks and permanent building societies. The largest of the remaining lenders of secured housing finance for owner occupation are included so that, together with banks and building societies, at least 95% of the Australian total of finance commitments is covered, and at least 90% of each state total is covered. While many smaller contributors to the Non-Banks series are excluded under these coverage criteria, at least 70% of finance commitments by wholesale contributors are covered.
	6 An annual collection is conducted to maintain and update the survey coverage of housing finance commitments. New lenders are included as their lending for housing becomes sufficiently large.
	7 From June 2001, the collection of housing finance commitments covers all commitments by banks and permanent building societies, all other lenders providing funds of more than \$50m in 2000, and some additional smaller other lenders where necessary to maintain collection coverage (as specified in paragraph 5).
	8 The statistics of housing loan outstandings cover all lenders included in the scope of paragraph 2 that have been identified as holding residential loan assets on their balance sheet as at the end of a particular reference month.

SOURCES

REVISIONS

9 For banks, credit cooperatives, building societies and RFCs, the statistics in this publication are currently derived from returns submitted to the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA). The *Financial Sector (Collection of Data) Act 2001* facilitates the collection of statistical data from the financial sector, with APRA established as the central point for collection of both prudential and statistical data. In October 2001, APRA implemented new reporting forms for building societies and credit cooperatives. New reporting forms were implemented for banks in March 2002, and for RFCs in March 2003. APRA commenced collecting loan commitments data from banks, credit cooperatives, building societies in July 2002 and from RFCs in March 2003.

10 Housing finance commitments for owner occupied housing from banks, building societies and credit cooperatives are derived from form *ARF 392.0 Housing Finance* collected by APRA. Housing finance commitments for investor housing from these lenders are sourced from the *ARF 394.0 Personal Finance*. Housing finance commitments for RFCs are collected on the *RRF 392.0 Housing Finance* and *RRF 394.0 Personal Finance* for owner occupied housing and investor housing respectively.

11 Statistics on loan outstandings in table 12 are sourced from banks on form ARF 320.0 Statement of Financial Position (Domestic Books), with lending by building societies and credit cooperatives derived from form *ARF 323.0: Statement of Financial Position (Licensed ADI).* While building societies and credit cooperatives with total assets greater than or equal to \$50 million are required to report this APRA return on a monthly basis, those institutions with total assets less than this threshold are only required to submit this return on a quarterly basis. An undercoverage adjustment is made in deriving table 12 in the two months between the last month in the quarter to derive estimates for the complete population on a monthly basis.

12 Electronic versions of the forms and instructions for ADIs are available on the APRA web site at

<http://www.apra.gov.au/Statistics/Revised-Authorised-Deposit-taking-Institution-ADI-re porting-requirements.cfm>. For RFCs, these are available at: <http://www.apra.gov.au/rfc/>.

13 All other institutions, including securitisation vehicles, are collected directly by the ABS. Data on loan outstandings to households for housing purposes for these lender types are only available on a quarterly basis. The data for Other lenders n.e.c. is compiled from a range of other data sources collected by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

14 Revisions to previously published statistics are included in the publication as they occur.

15 Changes in the classification of lenders (e.g. the conversion of a permanent building society to a bank) are reflected in the Lender series from the month of such change. Data for earlier periods for such lenders are not reclassified. Details of the establishment of new banks are published in the Reserve Bank of Australia's monthly *Bulletin* in the section on Technical Notes to Tables.

WHOLESALE LENDERS **16** A wholesale lender provides funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary which may then also be responsible for the ongoing relationship with the borrower.

17 The Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series almost exclusively comprises securitisation vehicles (typically special purpose trusts), established to issue mortgage backed securities. It excludes commitments where a bank or permanent building society, acting as a wholesale provider of funds, is the lender on the loan contract. Those commitments are published as bank or permanent building society commitments.

WHOLESALE LENDERS continued

18 From July 1995 to July 2000, mortgage managers reported housing finance commitments on behalf of wholesale lenders. The introduction of wholesale lenders as the reporting unit does not change the scope of the collection, but has increased its coverage. This, along with the reclassification of some lending activity, increased the level of the Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series for owner occupied housing by \$249m in July 2000.

19 Wholesale lenders contribute to the Non-Banks series for owner occupied housing, which is seasonally adjusted in table 3. A trend break was added to the Non-Banks series, shifting the trend up by 1,579 commitments and \$178m in July 2000. Revisions related to the introduction of wholesale lenders also resulted in a downward shift in the Banks' trend for owner occupied housing of 1,256 commitments and \$167m. Consequential breaks in the finance purpose trend series for owner occupied housing at July 2000 were:

- construction finance trend shifted down 16 commitments (\$3m)
- new dwelling finance trend shifted up 26 commitments (\$1m)
- established dwelling finance trend shifted up 313 commitments (\$13m)
- refinancing trend shifted up 177 commitments (\$17m)
- total finance trend shifted up 323 commitments (\$11m).

20 Because of difficulties experienced by Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. in accurately identifying first home buyers in their commitments, these data are not used in estimating first home buyer commitments (table 9). Instead, from July 2000, the percentage of first home buyer commitments made by all banks and permanent building societies is applied to total Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. commitments to calculate their contribution to the First Home Buyers series. As a result, first home buyer commitments were revised upwards by 0.8 percentage points in July 2000.

21 An article on the introduction of the Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. series (including implications for the First Home Buyers series) featured in the October 2000 issue of this publication. A copy of the article is available from the contact person listed on the front of the publication.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT 22 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal

seasonal variation and 'trading day effects'. A 'trading day effect' reflects the varying amounts of activity on different days of the week and the different number of days of the week in any month (i.e. the number of Sundays, Mondays, etc.). This effect may be partly caused by the reporting practices of the lenders. Adjustment is also made for Easter which may affect the March and April estimates differently. Trading day effects are removed from the original estimates prior to the seasonal adjustment process. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the effect of irregular or non-seasonal influences (e.g. a change in interest rates) from the series.

23 Over the period from early 1990 to April 1995, four of the major banks changed from reporting for the four or five weeks ending on the last Wednesday of each month to reporting on a calendar month basis. The published seasonally adjusted data take account of this change in pattern.

24 Rapid change in the financial sector, and particularly developments in the provision of housing finance, may cause changes in the seasonal and trading day patterns of the housing finance data. Examples include changes in the classification of financial institutions (particularly the reclassification of non-bank financial institutions to banks) and the increased use of mortgage securitisation.

25 Estimation of seasonal adjustment and trading day factors that reflect the full effect of recent developments is not possible until a sufficient number of years of data have been collected. When changes are occurring in the seasonal patterns, larger revisions to the seasonally adjusted series can be expected at the time of the annual seasonal re-analysis. Accordingly, the trend estimate data provide a more reliable indicator of

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued	underlying movement in housing finance commitments. (See paragraphs 29 and 30 for further information on trend estimates).
	26 State component series have been seasonally adjusted independently of the Australian series. The sum of the state components is therefore unlikely to equal the corresponding Australian total. State component series are also affected by the changes mentioned in paragraphs 22 to 25.
	27 The housing finance series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the seasonal adjustment factors. This means that original estimates available at the current reference month are used to estimate seasonal factors for the current and previous months. As a result of this methodology, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for earlier periods can be revised each month. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the previous month and the same month a year ago.
	28 The best seasonally adjusted estimates are achieved only some years after corresponding original estimates have been released. However, this does not satisfy the demand for timely seasonally adjusted estimates. The ABS advises users that while every effort is made to achieve the highest possible quality of seasonally adjusted estimates, given the available original estimates and preset publication deadlines, revisions to these seasonally adjusted estimates are inevitable and generally indicate improvements to those estimates. The use of the concurrent seasonal adjustment approach means that revisions, and therefore quality improvements, are identified earlier than under the previously used forward factor method. Under the concurrent approach, revisions are made up to one year earlier than under the forward factor approach.
TREND ESTIMATES	29 Smoothing seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular component of the seasonally adjusted series and creates trend estimates. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all but the last six months of the respective seasonally adjusted series. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. For further information, refer to <i>Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series—Monitoring Trends: An Overview</i> (cat. no. 1349.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra (02) 6252 6345 or by email at <timeseries@abs.gov.au>.</timeseries@abs.gov.au>
	30 While the smoothing technique described in paragraph 29 enables trend estimates to be produced for the latest few months, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates as new data become available. Generally, revisions become smaller over time and, after three months, usually have a negligible impact on the series. Changes in the original data and re-estimation of seasonal factors may also lead to revisions to the trend.
EFFECTS OF ROUNDING	31 Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Percentage changes and averages in this publication have been derived from rounded data, and therefore may be slightly different from percentage changes and averages calculated from unrounded data available in time series spreadsheets.
ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST	32 Estimates for months prior to those shown in this publication and more detailed series are available in spreadsheet format from the ABS web site – see listing on pages 3 and 4. For more information, contact the ABS National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.
RELATED PRODUCTS	33 Other ABS publications which may be of interest are outlined below. Please note, older publications may no longer be available through ABS bookshops but are available through ABS libraries. All publications released from 1998 onwards are available on the ABS web site <http: www.abs.gov.au="">:</http:>

RELATED PRODUCTS continued

- Lending Finance, Australia (cat. no. 5671.0) issued monthly
- Assets and Liabilities of Australian Securitisers (cat. no. 5232.0.55.001) issued quarterly
- Buildings Approvals, Australia (cat. no. 8731.0) issued monthly
- Dwelling Unit Commencements, Australia, Preliminary (cat. no. 8750.0) issued quarterly.

34 Quarterly data prior to the March 2002 for housing loan outstandings by type of lending institution are available as a priced special data report related to the *Australian National Accounts: Financial Accounts* (cat. no. 5232.0). Inquiries regarding this special data report should be made to the contact on the front cover of this publication.

35 In addition, the Reserve Bank of Australia produces the monthly *Reserve Bank of Australia Bulletin* as well as data on its web site. *Bulletin* tables D1 & D2 contain statistics on lending and credit aggregates (including the housing credit aggregate), which contain lending and credit to the private non-financial sector. Table D5 Bank Lending Classified by Sector contains statistics on lending to persons for the purpose of housing, also classified by owner-occupiers and investors with statistics available from January 1990.

36 Residential lending by building societies and credit cooperatives is also published in *Bulletin* tables B7 and B8. These statistics are also sourced from APRA collected data, although this will differ to statistics in table 12 of this publication since the *Bulletin* tables only include data for building societies and credit cooperatives with total assets greater than or equal to \$50 million. *Bulletin* table B.19 Securitisation Vehicles contains outstandings information for mortgage held, which includes both residential and non-residential mortgages.

37 Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (cat. no. 1101.0). The *Catalogue* is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site http://www.abs.gov.au. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

GLOSSARY

Alterations and additions	Alterations and additions cover all structural and non-structural changes which are
	integral to the functional and structural design of a dwelling. Examples are garages, carports, pergolas, reroofing, recladding, etc. Alterations and additions do not include swimming pools, ongoing repairs, or maintenance and home improvements which do not involve building work.
Average loan	The Average Loan series is calculated as follows:
	Total value of lending commitments per month
	Total number of dwellings financed per month
	The Average Loan series does not necessarily represent the average loan size per dwelling. For instance, the average separately reflects first and second mortgages, committed in separate months, which apply to the same dwelling.
Commitment	A lending commitment is a firm offer of housing finance. It either has been, or is normally expected to be, accepted. Included are commitments to provide housing finance to employees and commitments accepted and cancelled in the same month.
Commitments not advanced	Commitments not advanced at the end of the month are calculated as follows:
	Balance of unadvanced commitments at the end of the previous month
	+ Total new housing commitments (including refinancing)
	+ Alterations and additions
	= Total commitments
	- Cancellations of commitments
	- Commitments advanced during the month
	= Commitments not advanced at the end of the month
Commitment value	The commitment value for a contract of sale is the dwelling's sale value less any deposit.
Construction of dwellings	Construction of dwellings represents commitments made to individuals to finance, by way of progress payments, the construction of owner occupied dwellings.
Dwelling	A dwelling is a single self-contained place of residence such as a detached or semidetached house, a terrace house, a flat, home unit, town house, etc.
Dwellings units	Dwelling units refer to the number of single self-contained residences for which commitments have been made, either on the security of first mortgage or on contract of sale.
Established dwelling	An established dwelling is one which has been completed for 12 months or more prior to the lodgement of a loan application, or which has been previously occupied.
First home buyers	First home buyers are persons entering the home ownership market for the first time.
Fixed loans	 Generally involve: a commitment for a fixed amount for a fixed period for a specific purpose a schedule of repayments over a fixed period and repayments which reduce the liability of the borrower but do not act to make further finance available.
Fixed rate loan	Fixed rate loans have a set interest rate which cannot be varied, either upward or downward, for a minimum period of two years. Capped loans are not categorised as fixed rate loans because their interest rate can vary within a two year period.
Housing Loan Outstandings	The value of outstanding housing loans to Australian households as at a particular point in time (for statistics in this publication this refers to the end of the reference month). A loan is a defined as an asset of a lending institution, which is not evidenced by the issuing of a security by the borrower.

GLOSSARY continued

New dwelling	A new dwelling is one that has been completed within 12 months of the lodgement of a loan application, and the borrower will be the first occupant.
Other lenders n.e.c.	Comprises all lenders that are not banks, permanent building societies, credit cooperatives or securitisation vehicles. Includes life or general insurance companies, superannuation funds, government housing schemes, housing cooperatives, registered financial corporations and other financial institutions.
Refinancing	For investment housing finance, it represents a commitment to refinance an existing loan. For secured housing finance for owner occupation, only those loans where the refinancing lender is not the original lender and the security is unchanged are included. The refinancing of a loan to fund a change of residence is treated as a new lending commitment.
Revolving credit	 Generally has the following characteristics: a commitment for a credit or borrowing limit is given for a specific period after which the commitment is reviewed the extent of the borrowing used at any time during the period may be for any amount up to the authorised limit; and repayments (other than of charges and interest) made during the period reduce the extent of the borrowing used and thereby increase the amount of unused credit available up to the authorised limit. Examples include credit cards, lines of credit and approved overdrafts.
Secured housing finance	This is all secured commitments to individuals for the construction or purchase of dwellings for owner occupation, regardless of type of security. Commitments for dwellings that will be occupied by persons other than the owner(s) are excluded.
Securitisation vehicle	Special purpose vehicles (generally trusts) that issue mortgage backed securities, which are debt securities secured by specific pools of mortgages and repaid from the cash flows (principal and interest payments) of the specific mortgage pool.
Self-contained	The dwelling includes bathing and cooking facilities.
Wholesale lenders	A wholesale lender provides funds to borrowers through a retail intermediary which may then also be responsible for the ongoing relationship with the borrower. The Wholesale Lenders n.e.c. (not elsewhere classified) series almost exclusively comprises securitisation vehicles (typically special purpose trusts) established to issue mortgage backed securities. It excludes funds provided where a bank or permanent building society, acting as a wholesale provider of funds, remains the lender on the contract. Those commitments are published as bank or permanent building society commitments.

FOR MORE INFORMATION .

INTERNET	www.abs.gov.au the ABS web site is the best place for data from our publications and information about the ABS.
LIBRARY	A range of ABS publications are available from public and tertiary libraries Australia wide. Contact your nearest library to determine whether it has the ABS statistics you require, or visit our web site for a list of libraries.

INFORMATION AND REFERRAL SERVICE

	Our consultants can help you access the full range of information published by the ABS that is available free of charge from our web site, or purchase a hard copy publication. Information tailored to your needs can also be requested as a 'user pays' service. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.
PHONE	1300 135 070
EMAIL	client.services@abs.gov.au
FAX	1300 135 211
POST	Client Services, ABS, GPO Box 796, Sydney NSW 2001

FREE ACCESS TO STATISTICS

All ABS statistics can be downloaded free of charge from the ABS web site.

WEB ADDRESS www.abs.gov.au

.



RRP \$25.00

© Commonwealth of Australia 2006 Produced by the Australian Bureau of Statistics

.